

Physical Interventions and Restraints Policy

2025 - 2026

'Because Children Deserve Better'

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1. Aims

This policy aims to provide a framework for the use of physical interventions, including restraints, required to create a school environment where everyone feels, and is, safe.

2. Legislation and guidance

Section 93 of the Education and Inspections Act 2006 and further guidance issued by the DfE in July 2013 (Use of reasonable force - Advice for headteachers, staff and governing bodies) enables Pivot staff to use such force as is reasonable in the circumstances to prevent a learner from doing, or continuing to do, any of the following:

- committing any offence (or, for a learner under the age of criminal responsibility, what would be an offence for an older learner);
- causing personal injury to, or damage to the property of any person (including themself);
- prejudicing the maintenance of good order and discipline at Pivot settings or among any learners receiving education at Pivot, whether during a teaching session or otherwise.

The statutory power conferred by Section 93 is in addition to the common law power of any citizen in an emergency to use reasonable force in self-defence, to prevent another person from being injured or committing a criminal offence. There is no legal definition of when it is reasonable to use force, and each case must be judged on its circumstances and those exercising the power to use force must also take proper account of any particular special educational need and/or disability.

DfE Guidance and The Schools Standards and Framework Act 1998 state that **schools cannot use force as a punishment.** Also, whilst force can be used to search for and confiscate prohibited items it **cannot** be used to search for items banned under the school rules. (See Screening, Searching and Confiscation policy – 25/26)

Who can use reasonable force?

The staff to which this power applies are defined in Section 95 of the Act as:

- All members of Pivot staff have a legal power to use reasonable force.
- It can also apply to people whom the Head has temporarily put in charge of learners such as agency staff (with appropriate training), unpaid volunteers or parents accompanying learners on a school organised visit.

The types of force which are deemed to be reasonable

- Passive physical contact resulting from standing between two learners or blocking a learner's path;
- Active physical contact such as leading a learner by the hand or arm; ushering a learner away by placing a hand in the centre of their back; or, in more extreme circumstances, using appropriate restrictive holds.

Other physical contact with learners

The Department for Education says that it is not illegal to touch a learner and that there are occasions when physical contact with a learner is 'proper and necessary'.



Examples of where touching a learner might be proper or necessary include:

- Holding the hand of the child
- When comforting a distressed learner.
- When congratulating or praising a learner.
- When demonstrating physical skills e.g., musical instrument, during PE lessons, handwriting.
- When giving first aid.

Minimising the need to use force

Use of force is only used as a last resort and procedures are in place in Pivot provisions to create a calm and orderly environment within a supportive school climate that lessens the risk and threat of violence of any kind. Effective relationships are developed between staff and learners. Personal, Social, Health Education and Zones of Regulation activities support learners in managing conflict and coping with feelings. Staff are also given guidance and training in how to support learner behaviour.

3. Physical interventions

At Pivot we define a physical intervention as any reasonable use of force used to support a learner who is building towards crisis. This can range from a low-level prompt touch all the way to a physical restraint. The decision on whether or not to physically intervene is down to the professional judgement of the staff member concerned. This should always depend on the individual circumstances and be based on an assessment of risk. This assessment should include the risk to the learner and others

4. Restraints

Restraint means to hold back physically or to support a learner to safety using appropriate physical intervention. It is typically used in more extreme circumstances and is always in response to a safety concern. Staff should always try to avoid acting in a way that might cause injury, but in some cases, it may not always be possible to avoid injuries.

What to do in circumstances when the use of physical restraint is needed

- Staff should not hesitate to act *in a necessary, reasonable and proportionate manner* provided they follow the guidelines in this policy.
- Where possible, the consequences of refusing to stop the behaviour should be explained and it should be communicated to the learner that physical contact or restraint will stop as soon as it ceases to be necessary.
- A calm and measured approach to the learner is required by staff.
- In any application of physical restraint, the minimum reasonable force should be used to calm down the situation.
- Following a restraint, learners should be closely monitored by a member of staff and where applicable, checked by a first aider once the situation is safe to do so.

5. Recording and Reporting

Following an incident that required physical intervention, staff should consider what and how this information needs recording and reporting depending on the type of intervention. This should be in accordance with this policy.



Recording Incidents

- Minor or everyday use of reasonable force is recorded in every day behaviour logs. For example, guiding a learner into the building after break to ensure their safety.
- More serious incidents involving the use of physical restraint must be reported to the
 Head and Senior Leadership Team as soon as possible after the incident. These
 must be recorded on Arbor (Pivot MIS) ensuring you 'add a physical intervention' to the
 behaviour incident log and complete a 'Restraint Record Sheet' (Appendix 2) attaching it
 to the Arbor log.

Informing others

After a restraint the following people **must** be informed within **24 hours** of the incident, leaders should prioritise these conversations and we would strive for them to happen on the same day:

- Parent/Carers by phone call or email
- If the learner has a social worker, they should be informed by phone call or email
- If the learner is a Looked After Child, the social worker, the corporate parent (children's social care) will be notified as well as the Head of the Virtual School by phone call or email

Post Incident Support

Care is taken after an incident to ensure both staff and learners are supported including meeting immediate medical needs, rebuilding relationships and reflecting on the incident so that lessons can be learned. These restorative conversations should be documented in an appropriate way and included as part of the incident report on Arbor for learners. Staff should have a separate conversation with a senior member of staff using the form in appendix 1 and these should be forwarded to HR and filed in their personnel files. Heads notify the Directors of incidents, and Directors monitor incidents where force has been used and consider the implications, agreeing any necessary actions required.

Complaints and Allegations

If a complaint is made, it is considered in relation to Pivot's complaints procedure and guidance on dealing with allegations of abuse by staff. Further guidance is available in <u>'Use of Reasonable Force – Advice for Headteachers, Governing Bodies and Staff'</u> - DfE document.

6. Staff Training

All staff working with learners are expected to be trained in Team Teach Positive Behaviour Training: Level 2 as a minimum and each academy will have staff who are trained in Advanced Modules or hold Intermediate or Advanced trainer certificates. It is an expectation that new staff complete this training during their probation period if they do not hold a valid certificate.

Staff also receive further targeted training throughout their employment to support them to work effectively with our learners in line with the Pivot Training and Development Statement.

7. Linked Policies

This behaviour policy is linked to the following policies:

Suspension and Permanent Exclusions Policy



- Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy
- Child-on-Child Abuse Policy
- Screening, Searching and Confiscation Policy
- Behaviour Policy
- Training and Development Statement



8. Appendix 1: Staff follow up meeting RPE form

Staff name:	Date:					
Incident date:		SLT initials:				
How are you feeling following the incident?						
Have you been injured? Yes / No (please c	ircle)					
If yes, how did the injury occur?						
16 1 1:10 / 1 1:10	0 4 1	0 11 DDIE				
If yes, have you recorded it? (please tick)	On Arbor	On the RPI Form				
NA(I (I (I (I I I I I I I I I I I I I						
What do you think could be implemented to a	void this happen	ing again in the future?				
How would you rate the effectiveness of the e	How would you rate the effectiveness of the support offered during the incident?					
now would you rate the effectiveness of the s	upport offered d	uring the incident?				
Excellent Very Good Good	Satisfa	actory				
Very Good Good	Jalisia	rooi				
Do you need any further support after this inci	ident?					
bo you need any future support after this molderit!						
SLT notes from meeting:						
· ·						
Staff signature:	Full name:					
SLT signature:	Full name:					

Once completed please return to HR.



9. Appendix 2: Restraint record sheet

Restraint record sheet									
Please complete all sections of the form following a restraint. Once complete attach to the									
relevant Arbor incident entry. If you need help with completing it, please see the Pastoral and Welfare Lead in your setting.									
Seen by Headteacher (init		Date:							
Pupil's name:	/	Class:		Date:					
'		Time:	Length of restraint:						
Place/activity:									
Staff involved:									
Witnesses:									
Describe the lead up to the incident, include all de-escalation techniques you have									
used.									
What did you try to do to	n avoid the	restraint?							
De-escalation (tick any str									
Verbal advice and	Divers			Time out - offere	d				
support									
Firm clear directions	Reass	surance		Time out - direct	ed				
Zones of Regulation	Tactio	cal ignoring		Reminder of					
toolbox				consequences					
Limited choices		pt touch		Reminders of su	ccess				
Distraction		up time		Others:					
Reason for restraint: to p		upil from doing							
Committing a criminal offense			Damage to property						
		(including their own)							
Injury to self or others		Prejudicial to the							
maintenance of good									
What happened following de-escalation: (include your dynamic risk assessment)									
	0 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3		<i>yy</i>		-/				



Physical inter	vention strategies:(Tick ar	v strate	egies which voi	Luseo	1)	
Shepherd/stee		1	.y on are	Friendly esco			
Help hug/sidev				Single elbow (Two person)			
Beanbag	rajo nag			Figure of four			
Double-elbow				Double-elbow (Two person)			
Half shield				Sitting friendly escort (Two			
Tian ornora				person)			
Full shield				Others (specify):			
Injuries: (the f	irst questions in each	n colum	n must	be completed)			
	for injuries by a mem			Injury to staff			
Yes No	, ,			Yes No			
Any injuries no	ted?			Name of staff	injure	ed:	
Yes No					,		
Description of i	injury:			Type of injury	/ :		
Referred to firs	t aider?			Name of staff	injured:		
Name of first a	ider:			Type of injury:			
Treatment give	en (if applicable)			Treatment given (if ap		applicable)	
F-11 4- :							
Follow up to i	ncident:	D - 4	1 4	1	0		
Time – out		Returned to d		lass Co		mpleted missed work	
SENCO inform	NCO informed Debrief with ch		امانط	Otha			
SENCO INIOM	iea	Debne	ei with c	child Othe		er:	
Parents/carer	s informed by:						
		Letter	cent hy	(name):	Face	e to face by (name):	
Frione can by (Phone call by (name): Letter sent by		Sent by	(name).		to lace by (flame).	
Email sent by (name): Text sent by		ent hy	name): Other, please specify:				
Email Sent by (name).		cit by t	y (name).		er, picase specify.		
Other relevant paperwork completed/updated (tick all applicable):							
Arbor Entry	Positive Handling P		Behaviour Monitoring Other:				
, ,		Sheet	•				
First Aid Log	Individual Pupil Ris	k	Resto				
J			conve	ersations record			
Staff signature			Date:				